Hey there, have you ever spotted a bird standing on one leg, colored in shades of pink and red? That's a flamingo, a beautiful bird that gets its dazzling color from eating certain types of food, like shrimp and algae. These stunning creatures have long, lean necks and equally long legs that help them wade in deep waters. Flamingos have a unique beak that's bent in the middle, which they use like a filter to catch their food in water.

Speaking of food, let's dive into a flamingo's typical menu. They love to munch on small creatures like shrimps, snails, and microscopic organisms known as plankton. These animals contain a natural pigment called carotenoids that gives flamingos their pink color. When baby flamingos are born, they are grey or white, but they start to turn pink after eating food containing carotenoids.

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Solv	e each problem.								
Use	the article to answer the question.								
	What are some foods flamingos eat?								
	A. Fish, frogs, and insects	B.	Grass, leaves, and fruits						
	C. Nuts, seeds, and berries	D.	Shrimps, snails, and plankton						
2)	How do flamingos get their dazzling color?								
	A. By bathing in bright colored water.	В.	By eating certain types of food like shrimp and algae.						
	C. By rolling in colored mud.	D.	They are born with it.						
3)	What color are baby flamingos when they are born?								
	A. Black or brown	B.	Yellow or orange						
	C. Grey or white	D.	pink or red						
4)	What is a threat to flamingos?								
	A. Humans disturbing their natural habitats	B.	Rainstorms and floods						
	C. Heavy snow and ice	D.	Fire in the forest						
5)	What is the purpose of a flamingo's long legs	?							
	A. To help them wade in deep waters	В.	To help them fly						
	C. To help them run fast	D.	To help them climb trees						
6)	What gives flamingos their pink color?								
	A. Keratin	В.	Carotenoids						
	C. Chlorophyll	D.	Melanin						
7)	Where do most flamingos live?								
	A. Parts of Asia and Europe	В.	Parts of Antarctica and Arctic						
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8)	What kind of habitats do flamingos like?								
	A. Cities, towns, and villages	B.	Fields, meadows, and hills						
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9)	What's special about a flamingo's beak?								
	A. It changes color to match their surroundings.	B.	It is bent in the middle and they use is like a filter to catch their food in water.						
	C. It is very sharp and helps them catch fish.	D.	It's long and helps them reach high food sources.						
10)	Why do flamingos live in large groups?								
	A. For protection from predators		For warmth						
	C. For food	D.	For play						

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 0



Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- 11) "I use my beak for hunting on the ground for worms."
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- **29**) "The secret behind my pink color is the food I eat."
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Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

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- **33)** Flamingos eat small creatures like shrimp, snails, and plankton.
- **34)** Flamingos look the best when they are standing on one leg.
- **35)** Flamingos obtain their pink color from their diet.
- **36)** Flamingos are the best birds to watch because of their graceful movements.
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- **38)** Baby flamingos are not born pink.
- **39**) Flamingos are the most attractive birds because of their pink and red colors.
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Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **41**) Living in large groups helps protect flamingos from predators.
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Reading

	Flaming	0		Name:		
<u>44</u>)	Baby flamingos are pink when they are born.					
45)	Flamingos live in parts of Africa and Europe.					
46)	Flamingos mainly feed on large animals like t		bises and rabbits.			
47)	Flamingos eat only plants and seeds.					
48)	Flamingos prefer to live by themselves.					
49)	Flamingos use their uniquely shaped beak to c	catcl	h food in water.			
50)	Flamingos obtain their color by eating certain					
Dete	rmine which choice is the expanded form of	• 1				
	Flamingos <u>don't</u> usually fly at night.	the	under med contraction.			
- /		B. (do not			
	C. doesn't	D. (can't			
52)	Flamingos aren't just beautiful to look at, they'	're a	n important part of the eco s	system.		
,	c <u> </u>		couldn't			
	C. won't	D. (doesn't			
53)	It's a fact that flamingos stand on one leg to co	onsei	rve heat.			
	A. they are	B . i	it was			
	C. it has	D . 1	It is			
54)	They've discovered that the flamingo's pink co	olor	comes from its diet.			
,	• • • •		They were			
	C. They will	D. ′	They are			
55)	<u>I'm</u> amazed by how flamingos can fly," said th	ne zo	ookeeper.			
	A. I have	B . 1	I was			
	C. I am	D . 1	I will			
D (1.				
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-	56) Flamingos build their nests out of mud.					

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- **62)** Do flamingos lay eggs?
- 63) Flamingos can live up to 50 years, imagine that!
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<u>67</u>)	Flamingo What do flamingos eat?	Name:			
68)	Flamingos always stand on one leg to keep the other one war different they are from us!	m, it's amazing to think how			
69)	Did you know that a flock of flamingos is called a "flamboya	nce", how unique is that!			
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	Flamingo	Name:	
1	26	51	
2.	27.	52.	
3.	28	53.	
4.	29.	54	
5	30.	55	
6	31	56	
7	32.	57	
8.	33.	58	
9	34.	59	
10.	35.	60	
11	36.	61	
12.	37	62.	
13.	38.	63.	
14	39.	64	
15	40.	65	
16	41	66	
17	42.	67	
18	43.	68	
19	44	69	
20.	45.	70	
21	46	71	
22.	47		
23.	48.		
24	49.		
25.	50		
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	Flam	ingo	Name:
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	C. By rolling in colored mud.	D. They are born with it.	
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	habitats		
	C. Heavy snow and ice	D. Fire in the forest	
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0)	What's special about a flamingo's beak?		
)	A. It changes color to match their	B. It is bent in the middle	e and they use it
	surroundings.	like a filter to catch th	•
		water.	
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	fish.	food sources.	
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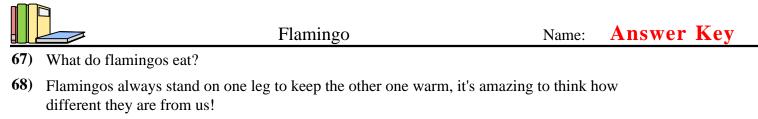
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Reading

	Flamin	gO		Name:	Answer Key	
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Deta	ermine which choice is the expanded form o	f th	e underlined contraction			
	Flamingos <u>don't</u> usually fly at night.	1 111				
,	A. didn't	B.	do not			
	C. doesn't	D.	can't			
52)	Flamingos aren't just beautiful to look at, they	y're	an important part of the eco	system.		
,	A. are not		couldn't	•		
	C. won't	D.	doesn't			
53)) <u>It's</u> a fact that flamingos stand on one leg to conserve heat.					
	A. they are	B.	it was			
	C. it has	D.	It is			
54)	They've discovered that the flamingo's pink c	olo	r comes from its diet.			
	A. They have		They were			
	C. They will	D.	They are			
55)	5) <u>I'm</u> amazed by how flamingos can fly," said the zookeeper.					
	A. I have	B.	I was			
	C. I am	D.	I will			
	Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).					

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			Flamingo			Name:	Answer	Key
1.	D	26	true	51.	В	_		
2.	В	27	true	52.	Α			
3.	C	28	false	53.	D	_		
4.	Α	29	true	54.	Α	_		
5.	Α	30	true	55.	С			
6.	В	31	fact	56.	declarative			
7.	D	32	opinion	57.	exclamatory			
8.	D	33	fact	58.	exclamatory			
9.	В	34	opinion	59.	exclamatory			
10.	Α	35	fact	60.	exclamatory			
11.	false	36	opinion	61.	declarative			
12.	false	37	fact	62.	interrogative			
13.	true	38	fact	63.	exclamatory			
14.	false	39	opinion	64.	declarative	_		
15.	false	40	opinion	65.	interrogative	_		
16.	false	41	true	66.	exclamatory	_		
17.	true	42	false	67.	interrogative	_		
18.	true	43	true	68.	exclamatory	_		
19.	true	44	false	69.	exclamatory	_		
20.	false	45	true	70.	exclamatory			
21.	false	46	false	71.	exclamatory	_		
22.	false	47	false					
23.	true	48	false					
24.	false	49	true					
25.	true	50	true					
	Reading	www.Common	nCoreSheets.com	Page :	5 of 5			

		Flamingo	Name:					
Solv	Solve each problem.							
	Use the article to answer the question.							
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2)	How do flamingos get their dazzlin	-						
	A. By bathing in bright colored wa	ater. B.	By eating certain types of food like shrimp and algae.					
	С.	D.						
3)	What color are baby flamingos whe	en they are bor	m? (paragraph 2)					
	A. Black or brown		Yellow or orange					
	C. Grey or white	D.						
4)	What is a threat to flamingos? (parage	raph 4)						
	A. Humans disturbing their natura habitats	1 B.	Rainstorms and floods					
	С.	D.						
5)	What is the purpose of a flamingo's	s long legs? (par	ragraph 1)					
-)	A. To help them wade in deep wat		To help them fly					
	С.	D.						
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	A. Keratin	B.	Carotenoids					
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7)	Where do most flamingos live? (para	agraph 3)						
	A. Parts of Asia and Europe	B.						
	С.	D.	Parts of Africa and South America					
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	A. Cities, towns, and villages		Fields, meadows, and hills					
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	A. It changes color to match their	В.	It is bent in the middle and they use it					
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Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).



11) "I use my beak for hunting on the ground for worms." (paragraph 1)

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