Imagine a tiny creature, no bigger than your fingernail, hopping around the lush green leaves in your backyard. Yes, we're talking about leaf hoppers! These small, usually brightly colored insects are quite marvelous to look at with their wedge-shaped bodies and wings that look like a roof when folded. The adults can even jump up to 20 times their body length! Now that's a super jumper right there. With over 20,000 different types, there's a whole lot of variety in the world of leaf hoppers.



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Finally, it's time to dive into the life cycle of these amazing insects. A leaf hopper's life begins as an egg, neatly tucked inside a plant stem or leaf by their mother. After a few weeks, they hatch as nymphs and start their journey towards adulthood, shedding their skin several times along the way. So, leaf hoppers are not only great jumpers but also remarkable survivors, from tiny eggs to colorful adults.



Leaf Hoppers

Solve each problem.

501 V	e each problem.		
	the article to answer the question. Where do leaf hoppers lay their eggs?	р	
	A. In spider webs		In the soil
	C. On tree bark	D.	Inside a plant stem or leaf
2)	What is the shape of a leaf hopper's body?		
,	A. They have flat bodies.	B.	They have round bodies.
	C. They have long, thin bodies.		They have wedge-shaped bodies.
3)	Which best describes a leaf hoppers diet?		
	A. Omnivore	В.	Carnivore
	C. Insectivore	D.	Herbivore
1	What is the role of leaf hoppers in the access	tom	0
4)	What is the role of leaf hoppers in the ecosys		
	A. They help in pollination.	D.	They are a food source for birds and insects.
	C. They control the population of	D	They help spread seeds.
	harmful pests.	р.	They help spread seeds.
	r r		
5)	How do leaf hoppers help some plants?		
	A. By protecting them from predators	В.	By pollinating them
	C. By stimulating growth	D.	By helping to spread the seeds
6)	How many different types of leaf hoppers are	the	re?
U)	A. Over 50,000		Around 1,000
	C. Less than 100		Over 20,000
	C. 1055 (1011 100	Ъ.	0,000
7)	What part of their body do leaf hoppers use to	o ex	tract sap from plants?
	A. Their corrosive stomach acid	В.	Their needle-like mouthparts
	C. Their drill like stinger	D.	Their sharp claws
8)	How big can leaf hoppers jump?		
0)	A. Up to 15 times their body length	D	Up to 10 times their body length
			Up to 10 times their body length
	C. Up to 5 times their body length	D.	Up to 20 times their body length
9)	Are leaf hoppers harmful to plants?		
	A. Yes, their eating habits can cause	B.	No, they only consume dead leaves.
	damage to plants.		
	C. Only during certain seasons.	D.	No, they are beneficial to plants.
10)	What is leaf hoppore' favorite food?		
10)	What is leaf hoppers' favorite food? A. Sap	R	Leaves
	-		
	C. Flowers	υ.	Fruits
11)	What is the size of a leaf hopper?		
	A. About a foot	В.	More than 3 inches
	C. Less than 3 inches	D.	Microscopic



Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- 12) "I often get scolded by gardeners, my eating habits can be a bit destructive for their lovely plants."
- 13) "After we hatch, we're called nymphs. It's kind of like being a toddler, but we shed our skin instead of outgrowing clothes!"
- 14) "You see these wedge-shaped bodies? They're not just for show they're my survival tools!"
- 15) "I am a gardener's best friend. I help fertilize plants."
- 16) "I have a very specific diet. I stick to sipping on sap from plants, it's my version of fast food."
- 17) "My life begins as a full-grown adult."
- **18)** "I like eating meat more than plants."
- **19)** "Birds and insects love making a meal out of me."
- 20) "I go from an egg to a nymph in just a few weeks. Talk about growing up quick."
- 21) "My needle-like mouth is not just for show, I use it to pierce plant tissues and reach the yummy sap."
- 22) "I hate bright colors and am usually colorless."
- **23**) "I have to be careful not to spread plant diseases. If a plant gets a disease from me, it may not grow properly."
- 24) "All us leaf hoppers look same as there's no variety."
- **25**) "Each of my kind comes with a unique color and pattern. We are a rainbow of leaf hoppers!"
- 26) I can't jump, but I am very quick!
- 27) "I never spread any diseases."
- 28) "I bet no one can beat me in a jumping contest, I can jump 20 times my body length!"

Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- **29)** Leaf hoppers can sometimes harm plants when they eat.
- **30)** Leaf hoppers are incredibly interesting because they can jump up to 20 times their body length.
- **31**) Leaf hoppers eat by sipping sap.
- 32) Leaf hoppers are amazing looking with their wedge-shaped bodies and colorful wings.
- **33)** An adult leaf hopper can jump up to 20 times its body length.
- **34)** The fact that leaf hoppers can spread plant diseases is the most worst thing about them.
- **35)** A leaf hopper's life begins as an egg that is placed inside a plant stem or leaf.
- **36)** There are over 20,000 different types of leaf hoppers.
- **37)** Leaf hoppers are one of the most beautiful insects because of their brightly colored bodies.
- **38**) With over 20,000 types of leaf hoppers, it is fascinating how diverse they are.

Determine if the statement is true or false.

	Leaf Hopp	pers		Name:				
39)	Leaf hoppers can spread plant diseases.							
40)	Leaf hoppers aren't able to jump despite their	0	0					
41)	Leaf hoppers can damage plants with their fee	eding	g habits.					
42)	Leaf hoppers can grow to be the size of a dolla	lar bi	ill.					
43)	Birds use leaf hoppers as a source of food.							
44)	There are only 10 different types of leaf hopped	pers.						
45)	A leaf hopper's life begins as a larvae.							
46)	Leaf hoppers use their feet to drink sap.							
47)	Leaf hoppers hatch from eggs.							
48)	Leaf hoppers can jump 20 times their body len	ength	l.					
Dete	ermine which choice is the expanded form of	f the	underlined contraction.					
49)	They'll eventually grow into adult leafhoppers.							
	-		They will					
	C. They must	D. ′	They should					
50)	Leafhoppers <u>can't</u> fly when they're still nymph	hs.						
	A. cannot	B. ,	will not					
	C. can	D. (do not					
51)	Leafhoppers aren't very big insects.							
	A. can not	В.	were not					
	C. will not	D. a	are not					
52)	Leafhoppers don't have wings when they're ny	ympł	18.					
	A. do not	B. (does not					
	C. cannot	D. (did not					
53)	They're shaped like a triangle.							
	A. They can	B. ′	They will					
	C. They are	D. ′	They were					
	ermine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exc	clam	natory(e), interrogative(i) o)r				
-	erative(m).							
54)	It is amazing how leafhoppers can help pollina	-						
55)	Release the leaf hopper back into its habitat af	after	observing it.					
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- **57**) Leafhoppers are fascinating little insects!
- **58)** Leafhoppers are shaped like a wedge or triangle.
- **59**) What color are leafhoppers usually?
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- 61) How do leafhoppers help in the circle of life?
- **62)** Leafhopper nymphs are tiny and wingless.



- **63**) Gently catch a leaf hopper using a small net.
- 64) Wow, leafhoppers can jump really high and fast!
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			Leaf Hopper	S]	Name:	
1.		26		51.			
2		27		52.			
3		28		53.			
4.		29		54.			
5.				55.			
6.		31		56.			
7.		32		57.			
8		33		58.			
9		34		59.			
10		35		60.			
11		36		61.			
12		37		62.			
13.		38		63.			
14.		39		64.			
15		40		65.			
16.		41					
17		42					
18.		43					
19		44					
20.		45					
21.		46					
22		47					
23.		48					
24		49					
25.		50					
R	leading	www.Common	CoreSheets.com	Page	6 of 6		

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Leaf Hoppers

Name: Answer Key

Solve each problem.

Solv	e each problem.		
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	A. They help in pointation.	D.	insects.
	C. They control the population of	D.	They help spread seeds.
	harmful pests.		
	-		
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	damage to plants.		
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	-		
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	C. Less than 3 inches	D.	Microscopic
			-



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			r0	Noma	Answer Key				
<u>39</u>)	Leaf Hop Leaf hoppers can spread plant diseases.	pe	18	Name:	Answer Key				
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49)	<u>They'll</u> eventually grow into adult leafhopper A. They can		They will						
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50)	A. cannot		will not						
	C. can	D.	do not						
51)	Leafhoppers aren't very big insects.								
01)	A. can not	B.	were not						
	C. will not	D.	are not						
52)	Leafhoppers don't have wings when they're n	vm	phs.						
,	A. do not	•	does not						
	C. cannot	D.	did not						
53)	They're shaped like a triangle.								
,	A. They can	B.	They will						
	C. They are	D.	They were						
Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).									
54)	It is amazing how leafhoppers can help polli	nate	e plants!						
55)	Release the leaf hopper back into its habitat	afte	r observing it.						
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|--|

Leaf Hop	pers
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Name: Answer Key

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			Leaf Hoppers			Name:	Answer Key
1.	D	26.	false	51.	D	_	
2.	D	27.	false	52.	Α		
3.	D	28.	true	53.	С	_	
4.	В	29.	fact	54.	exclamatory	_	
5.	C	30.	opinion	55.	imperative	_	
6.	D	31.	fact	56.	interrogative	_	
7.	В	32.	opinion	57.	exclamatory		
8.	D	33.	fact	58.	declarative	_	
9.	A	34.	opinion	59.	interrogative	_	
10.	A	35.	fact	60.	declarative	_	
11.	<u> </u>	36.	fact	61.	interrogative	_	
12.	true	37.	opinion	62.	declarative	_	
13.	true	38.	opinion	63.	imperative	_	
14.	true	39.	true	64.	exclamatory	_	
15.	false	40.	false	65.	imperative	_	
16.	true	41.	true				
17.	false	42.	false				
18.	false	43.	true				
19.	true	44.	false				
20.	true	45.	false				
21.	true	46.	false				
22.	false	47.	true				
23.	true	48.	true				
24.	false	49.	В				
25.	true	50.	Α				
		www.Commo	nCoreSheets.com	Page :	5 of 5		



Leaf Hoppers

Solve each problem.

0011	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •								
Use the article to answer the question.									
1)	Where do leaf hoppers lay their eggs? (paragraph 4)								
	А.	B.	In the soil						
	С.	D.	Inside a plant stem or leaf						
2)	What is the shape of a leaf hopper's body? (part	ragrap	bh 1)						
	A. They have flat bodies.	B.	They have round bodies.						
	C.	D.	They have wedge-shaped bodies.						
3)	Which best describes a leaf hoppers diet? (para	ıgraph	2)						
	A. Omnivore	B.	Carnivore						
	С.	D	Herbivore						
	0.	Δ.							
4)	What is the role of leaf hoppers in the ecosyst	tem	? (paragraph 3)						
	A. They help in pollination.	B.	They are a food source for birds and						
			insects.						
	С.	D.							
		2.							
5)	How do leaf hoppers help some plants? (paragra	aph 3)							
	A. By protecting them from predators	B.	By pollinating them						
	C. By stimulating growth	D.							
	C. Dy summaning growin	υ.							
6)	How many different types of leaf hoppers are	the	re? (paragraph 1)						
	A. Over 50,000	B.							
	С.	D	Over 20,000						
		2.							
7)	What part of their body do leaf hoppers use to	o ex	tract sap from plants? (paragraph 2)						
	A. Their corrosive stomach acid	B.	Their needle-like mouthparts						
	С.	D.							
8)	How big can leaf hoppers jump? (paragraph 1)								
	A. Up to 15 times their body length	B.							
	C.	D.	Up to 20 times their body length						
9)	Are leaf hoppers harmful to plants? (paragraph 2)								
	A. Yes, their eating habits can cause	B.	No, they only consume dead leaves.						
	damage to plants.								
	C.	D.							
10)	What is leaf hoppers' favorite food? (paragraph 2))							
	A. Sap	B.							
	C.	D.							
11)	What is the size of a leaf hopper? (paragraph 1)								
	A. About a foot	B.	More than 3 inches						
	C. Less than 3 inches	D.							
	c. Less mail e menes	2.							



Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

12) "I often get scolded by gardeners, my eating habits can be a bit destructive for their lovely plants." (paragraph 2)